SPEAKER - A. E. DONALDSON

WHAT - PLAN
WHEN - EACH NE

EACH NEW WORK PACKAGE

ORGANIZATION

YHW

BDS/CONTRACT

MOH

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#### WHAT

- A PRELIMINARY PLAN ON WHAT IS TO BE DONE
- ORGANIZES YOUR WORK
- PROVIDES PROGRAM VISIBILITY/REF
- CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS

#### WHEN

- NEW PROGRAM
- SUB-TIERED LEVELS
- ANY WORK EFFORT
- FSD

- IR&D

- ) ) )
- PRODUCTION
- SUSTAINING

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- HELPS ESTABLISH PROGRAM CREDIBILITY
- USED TO ESTABLISH SCHEDULES/GOALS
- MANPOWER PLANNING
- DEVELOPS PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS
- CROSS CHECKS ON CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS
- IDENTIFIES END ITEM DELIVERABLES
- HELPS DEVELOP COST ACCOUNT REQUIREMENTS

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- PROCEDURE BDS 1000
- CONTRACT REQUIRMENTS

# **BOEING DRAFTING STANDARD**

#### **BDS-1000**

# 2.4 Drawing Types (Continued)

- Functional Diagram Drawings. matic, performs its intended function. See BDS. chanical, electrical, electronic, hydraulic, pneua graphic explanation of the manner by which of symbols and lines. A diagramatic drawing is items forming an assembly or system by means ing delineates features and relationship of Diagramatic Drawing - A diagramatic drawan installation, assembly or system; e.g., me-
- Dimensioned Drawing A dimensioned drawdimensions required to interpret the drawing requirements are shown. ing is prepared on light drafting film. All
- w. Drawing Tree A drawing tree is a block diagram or indentured list that identifies drawings applicable to an item or program and illustrates the next assembly relationship between drawings.
- Electrical-Electronic Drawing An electricalelectronic drawing describes the fabrication
- and assembly of electrical and electronic equipof interconnecting wiring. See BDS, Electricalment along with the assembly and installation Electronic Drawings

- ac. Experimental Drawing General requirements opmental/Test Hardware or BDS, Drawing Preparation-Development and Experimental Protion shops. See BDS, Drawing Control - Develmation between Engineering and the fabricato simplify or expedite the interchange of inforported by personal liaison and special handling grams. the program. Such drawings are normally suping refinement and degree of completeness are are similar to formal drawings. However, drawflexible to suit minimal data requirements of
- Ad. Geometric Parameter Drawing - A geometric parameter drawing is an Engineering drawing of the loft control lines, defined by Engineering and included on the loft drawing tions, usually second degree, are prepared by maximum half breadth lines, upper shoulder points and slopes, such as upper contour lines, for reference. See BDS, Master Dimensions lines, etc. Standard analytic geometry equa-
- ae. Hydraulic Diagram - See Diagramatic Draw
- af. Inseparable Assembly Drawing - An insepa-

## DRAWING PLANNING

5.1 General - The drawing is the basic means of communication between Engineering and other organizations and therefore, must be clear, concise, subject to only one interpretation and free of extraneous or redundant information.

Plan all drawings in advance to avoid overly complex drawings and assure proper installation-assembly-detail breakdown. For more detailed planning for an individual drawing see BDS, Basic Drafting Practices.

Drawing Tree - Construct a drawing tree at the start of the detail drawing phase of a design to assure planning ahead for the overall drafting effect. Drawing trees are used for planning purposes and should be kept up to date.

Plan the drawings required for each end item to assure a proper drawing breakdown structure from the top drawing downward including all installations, assemblies, lower tier assemblies and detail drawings. Consult with Manufacturing Planning, Spares, and others as appropriate.

d. Overall System Economy - True economy is a function of minimizing engineering, planning, tooling, fabrication, assembly, inspection, and procurement costs, not engineering costs alone. Consider all these areas when planning the drawing breakdown.

5.2 Production Drawing Application — The production drawing system requires the selective use of separate drawings for detail parts, or delineation in separate detail views. Use axonometric or photo drawings when a cost savings can be realized. See the applicable BDS for information. Consider the detail delineation requirements, of the part, the fabrication method, and the parts function in the next assembly or installation per the following.

 Separate Detail Drawings - Separate detail drawings delineate:

A single part on a drawing.
Two or more tabulated parts on a drawing.
Two or more closely related items detailed in separate views on a drawing.

A single part on a detail drawing is preferred

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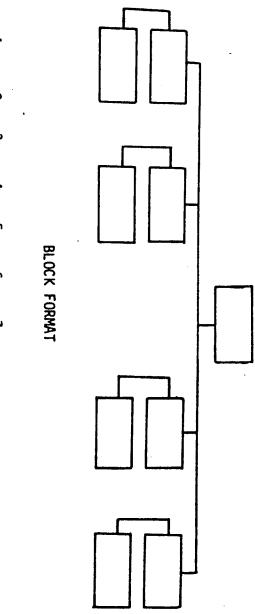
BDS-1000

MAC

The coordinating group is required to prepare a drawing tree at the start of each program (CCP, BWP, ECP, etc.) to assure planning ahead for the overall drafting effect. Assign a drawing number (two less than the top drawing) to the drawing tree and add as a reference drawing in the parts list on the top drawing for the program. The design group responsible for the top drawing for the program is responsible for obtaining the drawing number. The drawing tree shall be maintained on a current basis and contain the following information: Responsible organization, drawing numbers and titles. On other than installations the noun or noun phrase may be used in lieu of the complete title.

When preparing a drawing tree for kits the deletions drawing shall be assigned one number less than the top kit drawing number.

When preparing a drawing tree use the block diagram format or the indentured format, in the bookform drawing or on a rolled size drawing. The block diagram format in bookform drawing is preferred.



361-50001 Drawing Tree 361-10023

361-10496 361-10273 361-10276 361-10278 361-10294

361-10282

361-10331 361-10440

INDENTURED FORMAT

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